## **General Knowledge Test**

1	<ul> <li>Truck escape ramps:</li> <li>a. Cannot be used by certain types of heavy vehicles.</li> <li>b. Are designed to protect vehicles from damage.</li> <li>c. Should not be used unless you have first tried all other ways to save your vehicle after brake failure.</li> <li>d. All of the above.</li> </ul>
2	<ul> <li>Which of these can cause the vehicle to skid?</li> <li>a. Not enough weight on the front axle.</li> <li>b. Over acceleration.</li> <li>c. Turning too sharply.</li> <li>d. All of the above.</li> </ul>
3	You are driving a vehicle that could safely be driven at 55 MPH on an open road. But traffic is now heavy, moving at 35 MPH although the speed limit is 55. The safest speed for your vehicle in this situation is most likely:  a. 55 MPH b. 45 MPH c. 35 MPH d. 25 MPH
4	Every time you park your vehicle and shut the engine off you should:  a. Leave it in gear (if it has a manual transmission).  b. Apply the parking brake.  c. Turn the steering wheel as far to the left as you can.  d. Do all the above.
5	<ul> <li>Which of these describes how you should use the brake pedal on a steep downhill grade?</li> <li>a. Release the brake when you are 5 MPH below your safe speed then let your speed come back up to your safe speed and repeat braking again, (bring you speed down 5 MPH below your safe speed.)</li> <li>b. With stronger pressure as the vehicle goes downhill.</li> <li>c. Light steady pressure.</li> <li>d. Light, pumping action.</li> </ul>
6	For an average commercial vehicle, being driven at 55 MPH on dry pavement it will take about to bring the vehicle to a stop.  a. The length of a vehicle.  b. Half the length of a football field.  c. Twice the length of the vehicle.  d. The length of a football field.

7	Which of these statements about backing a heavy vehicle is true?
	a. Backing is always dangerous.
	□ b. You should back and turn toward the driver's side whenever
	possible.  — c. You should use a helper and communicate with hand signals.
	d. All of the above are true.
	u. All of the above are true.
8	When should you wear seat belts?
	□ a. Only in states where it is required by law.
	■ b. Any time you are in a moving vehicle.
	□ c. Only when engaged in interstate commerce.
	□ d. Only when traveling on a highway.
9	The most common cause of serious vehicle skids is:
	a. Driving too fast for road conditions.
	□ b. Poorly designed roads.
	□ c. Poorly adjusted brakes.
	□ d. Poorly adjusted brakes.
10	If you are being tailgated, you should:
	□ a. Signal the tailgater when it is safe to pass.
	□ b. Speed up.
	□ c. Flash your brake lights.
	d. Increase the space in front of you.
11	The parking brake should be tested while the vehicle is:
	□ a. Moving slowly.
	□ b. Moving at highway speed.
	□ c. Going downhill.
	■ d. Parked
12	When roads are slippery, you should:
	a. Stop and test the traction while going up hills.
	□ b. Drive alongside other drivers.
	<ul><li>□ c. Decreases the distance that you look ahead of your vehicle.</li></ul>
	□ d. Make turns as gently as possible.
13	<b>3</b> / / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	in your lane. You should:
	■ a. Steer around it when it is safe to do so.
	□ b. Hit it with your vehicle to knock it off the road.
	c. Brake hard to avoid hitting it.
	□ d. Stop and direct traffic around it.
14	Which of these pieces of emergency equipment should be carried at
	all times in your vehicle?
	□ a. Fire extinguishers.

	□ b.	Warning devices for parked vehicles.
	□ C.	Spare electrical fuses (if the vehicle uses them).
	<b>■ d.</b>	All of the above.
15		t is counter steering?
	□ a.	Using the steering axle brakes to prevent over steering.
	□ b.	Steering in the opposite direction from what other drivers expect you to do.
	■ C.	Turning the wheel in the opposite direction after steering to
		avoid a traffic emergency.
	□ <b>d.</b>	Turning the steering wheel counter clockwise.
16	High	beams should be:
	□ a.	•
		Used whenever it is safe and legal to do so.
	□ C.	Turned on when an oncoming driver does not dim his or her lights.
	<b>□ d</b> .	All of the above.
17	Whe brak	re or when should you test the stopping action of your service es?
	□ a.	At a special brake testing center only.
	□ b.	When the vehicle is traveling downhill without a load.
	■ C.	When the vehicle is moving at about 5 MPH.
	□ <b>d</b> .	In a parking lot when the vehicle is not moving.
18		braking:
	_	Should never be used.
		Involves locking the wheels.
	□ C.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	□ <b>d</b> .	Should only be used on slick roads.
19		ch of these statements about using turn signals is true?
		When turning, you should signal early.
	□ b.	You do not need to use your signal when changing lanes on a four lane highway.
	□ C.	You should use your turn signal to mark your vehicle when it
	_ d	is pulled off the side of the road.  When turning, you should cancel the signal just before you
	□ u.	make the turn.
20	Reta	rders:
	□ a.	Allow you to disconnect the steering axle brakes.
		Cannot be used on interstate highways.
		Work better at very low rpms.
		Can cause the vehicle to skid when the road is slippery.

21	<ul> <li>Which of these statements about staying alert to drive is true?</li> <li>a. If you must stop to take a nap, it should be at a truck stop or other public area never on the side of the road.</li> <li>b. A half-hour break for coffee will do more to keep you alert that a half-hour nap.</li> <li>c. The only thing that can cure fatigue is sleep.</li> <li>d. There are drugs that can overcome being tired.</li> </ul>
22	You are driving on a two lane road. An oncoming driver drifts into your lane and is headed straight for you. Which of these is generally the best action?  a. Steer to the right b. Steer onto the left shoulder c. Hard braking d. Steer into the oncoming lane
23	<ul> <li>You should avoid driving through deep puddles or flowing water. But if you must, which of these steps can help keep your brakes working?</li> <li>a. Applying hard pressure on both the brake pedal and accelerator after coming out of the water.</li> <li>b. Gently pressing the brake pedal while driving through the water.</li> <li>c. Turning on your brake heaters.</li> <li>d. Driving through quickly.</li> </ul>
24	<ul> <li>Which of these statements about brakes is true.</li> <li>a. Brake drums cool very quickly when the vehicle is moving very fast.</li> <li>b. Brakes have more stopping power when they get very hot.</li> <li>c. The heavier a vehicle or the faster it is moving, the more heat the brakes have to absorb to stop it.</li> <li>d. All of the above are true.</li> </ul>
25	<ul> <li>What should you do when your vehicle hydroplanes?</li> <li>a. Release the accelerator.</li> <li>b. Start stab braking.</li> <li>c. Counter steer hard.</li> <li>d. Accelerate slightly.</li> </ul>
26	Which fires can you use water to put out?  □ a. Gasoline fires.  □ b. Tire fires.  □ c. Electrical fires.  □ d. All of the above.

27	<ul> <li>Your vehicle is in a traffic emergency and may collide with another vehicle if you do not take action. Which of these is a good rule to remember at such a time?</li> <li>a. Stopping is always the safest action in a traffic emergency.</li> <li>b. Open the door and jump out if you have time.</li> <li>c. Heavy vehicles can almost always turn more quickly than they can stop.</li> <li>d. Leaving the road is always more risky that hitting another vehicle.</li> </ul>
28	Which of these is a sign of tire failure?  a. Steering that feels heavy. b. Vibration. c. A loud bang. d. All of the above.
29	<ul> <li>Which of these can help you stay alert while driving?</li> <li>a. Taking short breaks before you are drowsy.</li> <li>b. Keeping the cab warm.</li> <li>c. Taking a cold pill.</li> <li>d. Scheduling trips during hours that you are normally asleep.</li> </ul>
30	Which one of these is not part of the check of the engine compartment done for a pre trip inspection?  a. Worn wiring insulation.  b. Engine oil level.  c. Condition of belts and hoses.  d. Valve clearance.
31	According to the driver's manual, why should you limit the use of your horn?  □ a. It wears down the battery.  □ b. It can startle other drivers.  □ c. The horn is not a good way to let others know you're there.  □ d. You should keep both hands tightly gripping the steering wheel.
32	You are traveling down a long, steep hill. Your brakes get so hot that they fail. What should you do?  a. Pump the brake pedal. b. Down shift. c. Look for an escape ramp or escape route. d. All of the above.

33	□ a. 6-9 seconds
	□ b. 9-12 seconds
	<ul><li>■ c. 12-15 seconds</li><li>□ d. 18-21 seconds</li></ul>
	u. 16-21 seconds
34	Which of these statements about marking a stopped vehicle is true?  □ a. The vehicle's tail lights should be kept on to warn other drivers.
	• b. If a hill or curve keeps drivers behind you from seeing the vehicle within 500 feet, the rear reflective triangle should be moved back down the road to give adequate warning.
	<ul> <li>C. You do not need to put out reflective triangles unless the vehicle will be stopped for 30 minutes or more.</li> </ul>
	□ d. All of the above are true.
35	You are driving a 40 foot vehicle at 45 MPH. Driving conditions are ideal (dry pavement, good visibility). What is the least amount of
	space that you should keep in front of your vehicle to be safe?
	a. 2 seconds
	<ul><li>□ b. 3 seconds</li><li>□ c. 4 seconds</li></ul>
	■ d. 5 seconds
36	You are starting your vehicle in motion from a stop. As you apply
	power to the drive wheels, they start to spin. You should:
	□ a. Take your foot off the accelerator and apply the brakes.
	<ul><li>b. Press harder on the accelerator.</li><li>c. Take your foot off the accelerator.</li></ul>
	□ d. Try a lower gear.
<b>37</b>	You should use your mirrors to check:
	□ a. Traffic gaps before you merge.
	□ b. The condition of the tires and cargo.
	□ c. Where the rear of your vehicle is while you make turns.
	■ d. All of the above.
38	The proper way to hold a steering wheel is at clock positions
	and .
	□ a. 6 and 12
	b. 3 and 9
	□ c. 4:30 and 7:30
	□ d. 1:30 and 10:30

39	Your brakes can get wet when you drive through a heavy rain. What can this cause when the brakes are applied?  a. Lack of braking power  b. Trailer jackknife  c. Wheel lockup  d. All of the above
40	<ul> <li>Which of these is a good rule to follow when driving at night.</li> <li>a. Keep your instrument lights bright.</li> <li>b. Look directly at oncoming headlights only briefly.</li> <li>c. Keep your speed slow enough that you can stop within the range of your headlights.</li> <li>d. Wear sun glasses</li> </ul>
41	<ul> <li>Which of these statements about using mirrors is true?</li> <li>■ a. There are blind spots that your mirrors cannot show you.</li> <li>□ b. You should check your mirrors twice for a lane change.</li> <li>□ c. You should look at a mirror for several seconds at a time.</li> <li>□ d. Convex mirrors make things look closer than they really are.</li> </ul>
42	<ul> <li>Which of these statements about cold weather driving is true?</li> <li>a. In snow storms, wiper blades should be adjusted so that they do not make direct contact with the windshield.</li> <li>b. Exhaust system leaks are less dangerous in cold weather.</li> <li>c. There is no need to worry about engine overheating when the weather is very cold.</li> <li>d. Windshield washer antifreeze should be added to the washer reservoir.</li> </ul>
43	<ul> <li>The most important reason for being alert to hazards is so:</li> <li>a. You will have time to plan your escape if the hazard becomes an emergency.</li> <li>b. Accident reports will be accurate.</li> <li>c. Law enforcement personnel can be called.</li> <li>d. You can help impaired drivers.</li> </ul>
44	Which of these is a good rule to follow when using a fire extinguisher?  □ a. Stay downwind of the fire.  □ b. Keep it as close to the fire as possible.  □ c. Aim at the base of the fire.  □ d. All the above.
45	You have left the road in an emergency condition, it is impossible for you to come to a stop prior to returning to the road, which of the following is the best action to take?  □ a. Stop and turn your vehicle around before entering the road.

	□ b.	Make sure the road is clear, and continue to return to the road.
	■ C.	
	□ d.	All the above are true.
46	Whi	ch of these statements about down shifting is true.
	<b>■</b> a.	When you down shift for a curve, you should do so before you
	□ <b>b.</b>	enter the curve.  When double clutching, you should let the RPM's decrease
	□ C.	while the clutch is released and the shift lever is in neutral.  When you down shift for a hill, you should do so after you
	□ <b>d.</b>	start down the hill. All of the above are true.
47	now	void a crash, you had to drive onto the right shoulder. You are driving at 40 MPH on the shoulder. How should you move back the pavement?
		Keep moving at the present speed and steer very gently back onto the pavement.
	□ b.	Steer sharply onto the pavement and counter steer when both back wheels of your vehicle are on the pavement.
	□ C.	
	■ d.	Come to a complete stop, if possible, before steering back onto the pavement.
48		ch of these statements about managing space is true?
		Smaller vehicles require more space to stop than larger ones. When the road is slippery, you should keep much more space
	□ C.	in front of your vehicle.  Many accidents are caused by drivers keeping too much space in front of their vehicles.
	□ d.	All of the above.
49		ch of these is the most important things to remember about rgency braking?
		If the wheels are skidding you cannot control vehicle.
		Disconnecting steering axle brakes will help keep your vehicle in a straight line during emergency braking.
	□ C.	Never do it without down shifting first.
		It wears brake linings.
50		orrect a rear wheel (drive wheel) braking skid, you should:
		Apply more braking pressure to the brake pedal
	■ b.	Release brakes and accelerate.

	□ C.	steer.
	□ <b>d</b> .	Release the brakes and steer / counter steer.
51		e driving, ice builds up on your wipers and they no longer clean vindshield. You should:  Keep driving, and spray the windshield with washer fluid.
	■ C.	Keep driving, and reach out the window and knock the ice off. Pull over in a safe place and remove the ice. Keep driving, and turn your defroster on.
52	Whice □ a. □ b. □ c.	road you are driving on becomes very slippery due to glare ice. The of these is a good thing to do in such a situation? Apply the brakes often to keep the linings dry. Down shift to stop. Drive at a varying speed. Stop driving and park where it is safe to do so.
53	<ul><li>shou</li><li>□ a.</li><li>□ b.</li><li>□ c.</li></ul>	must park on the side of a level, straight, two lane road. Where Id you place the three reflective triangles?  One within 10 feet of the rear of the vehicle, one about 100 feet to the rear, and one about 200 feet to the rear.  One within 10 feet of the front of the vehicle, one about 200 feet from the front, and one about 100 feet to the rear.  One within 10 feet of the rear of the vehicle, one about 100 feet to the rear, and one about 100 feet from the front of the vehicle.  One about 50 feet from the rear of the vehicle, one about 100 feet to the rear, and one about 100 feet from the front of the vehicle.
54	come not h Whice a.  b. c.	are driving in the right lane of a four lane, undivided road, you e over a hill and find a car stopped ahead in your lane. You do nave roomed to stop, and the hill blocks your view to the rear. In the of these is most likely the best action to take?  Steer to the right.  Use hard braking and brace for collision.  Steer into the left lane.  Steer into the oncoming lanes.
55	□ a. ■ b. □ c.	irst step to take if your vehicle catches fire while driving is:  Head for the nearest service station.  Get the vehicle off the road and stop in an open area.  Park in the shade of a building.  Immediately open the door and jump out.

56	The distance that you should look ahead of your vehicle while driving amounts to about at highway speed.  a. 500 feet b. 800 feet c. 1/4 mile d. One block
<b>57</b>	Which of these statements about tires and hot weather driving is true?
	<ul> <li>a. If a tire it is too hot to touch, you should drive on it to cool it off.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>b. You should inspect your tires more often because they are more likely to fail.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>c. Recapped tires are less likely to fail in hot weather than new tires.</li> </ul>
	□ d. All of the above.
58	You are driving a 40 foot vehicle at 35 mph. Driving conditions are deal (dry pavement, good visibility). What is the least amount of space that you should keep in front of your vehicle to be safe?  a. 2 seconds b. 3 seconds c. 4 seconds d. 5 seconds
<b>59</b>	A moving vehicle ahead of you has a red triangle with an orange center on the rear. What does this mean?
	a. The vehicle is hauling hazardous materials.
	□ b. A student driver is driving it.
	□ c. It is a law enforcement vehicle.
	d. It may be a slow moving vehicle.
60	On which fires can you use the "ABC" fire extinguisher?
	□ a. Electrical fires.
	□ b. Burning fires.
	□ c. Burning cloth.
	■ d. All of the above.
61	Which of these statements about speed management is true?
	<ul> <li>a. As the speed of a vehicle doubles, its stopping distance also doubles.</li> </ul>
	□ b. You should always brake during curves.
	c. You should choose a speed that lets you stop within the distance that you can see ahead.
	<ul> <li>d. Empty trucks always stop in a shorter distance than fully loaded ones.</li> </ul>

62	Whice	ch of these is a proper use of vehicle lights and flashers?  Flashing your brake lights to warn someone behind you of a hazard that will require slowing down.		
	□ <b>b</b> .	Turning on your headlights during the day when visibility is reduced due to rain or snow.		
	□ C.	Flashing your brake lights to warn someone behind you that you're are going to stop on the road.		
	<b>■ d.</b>	All of the above.		
63		ch of these statements about crossing or entering traffic with a vy vehicle is true?		
		Heavy vehicles need larger gaps in traffic than cars. The heavier your load, the smaller the gap needed to cross traffic.		
	□ C.	The best way to cross traffic is to pull the vehicle partway across the road and block one lane while waiting for the other to clear.		
		Because heavy vehicles are easy to see, you can count on er drivers to move out of your way or slow down for you.		
64	Whi	You are checking your wheels and rims for a pre trip inspection. Which of these statements is true?		
	□ a.	A vehicle can be safely driven with one missing lug nut on a wheel.		
	□ b.	Mismatched lock rings can be used on the same vehicle.		
		Rust around wheel nuts may mean that they are loose.		
	□ <b>d</b> .	Cracked wheels or rims can be used if they have been welded.		
65	Cont	trolled braking:		
		Is used to keep a vehicle from skidding.		
		Involves locking the wheels for short periods of time.		
		Can be used while you are turning sharply.		
	□ <b>d</b> .	All of the above.		
66	Whi	ch of these statements about escape ramps is true?		
	□ a.	They protect equipment and cargo from severe damage.		
	□ b.	They are designed to prevent injury to drivers and passengers.		
	□ <b>C.</b>	They are used to stop vehicles that lose their brakes on downhill grades.		
	<b>■ d.</b>	All of the above are true.		
67	Whi	ch of these statements about accelerating is true?		
		You should feel a "jerking" motion if you are acceleration your vehicle properly.		
	<b>■</b> b.	Improper acceleration can cause mechanical damage.		
		When traction is poor, more power should be applied to the accelerator.		

	□ <b>d</b> .	All the above are true.
68	□ a. □ b. □ c.	ch of these can cause a fire? Loose fuel connections. Under-inflated tires. Electrical short-circuits. All of the above.
69	insp	are checking your steering and exhaust systems for a pre-trip ection. Which of these statements is true?  Some leakage of power steering fluid is normal Leaks in the exhaust system are not a problem if they are outside the cab.  Steering wheel play of more than 10 degrees (2 inches on a 20-inch steering wheel) can make it hard to steer.  All the above are true.
70	□ a. ■ b.	load means the following? Specified pressure an air tire can carry The maximum safe weight a tire can carry at a specified pressure Both of the above None of the above
71	□ a. □ b. ■ c.	n approaching a curve you should:  Downshift as you come out of the curve  Downshift while in the curve  Downshift before entering the curve and accelerate slightly as you go through it  Downshift at anytime, it doesn't make a difference
72	is true a.	ch of these statements about driving in areas with strong winds ue? Winds are especially a problem when coming out of tunnels. You should drive alongside other vehicles to help break up the wind. You can lessen the effect of the wind by letting some air out of your tires. The lighter your vehicle, the less trouble you will have with the wind.
73	off-r □ a. □ b.	are driving a heavy vehicle. You must exit a highway using an amp that curves downhill. You should:  Come to a full stop at the top of the ramp.  Wait until you are in the curve before downshifting.  Slow down to a safe speed before the turn.

	□ <b>d.</b>	Slow to the posted speed limit for the off-ramp.		
74	Which of these is a good rule to follow when steering to avoid a crash?			
	□ a.	Avoid counter steering.		
		Steer with one hand so that you can turn the wheel more quickly.		
	□ C.	Apply the brakes while turning.		
	■ d.	Don't turn any more than is needed to clear what is in your way.		
<b>75</b>		ch of these statements about downshifting for a long downhill le is true?		
	_	The proper time to downshift is just after the vehicle starts down the hill.		
	<b>■ b.</b>	It allows engine compression and friction to help the brakes slow the vehicle.		
	□ C.	It should not be done with automatic transmissions.		
	□ d.	It is necessary if the vehicle has retarders.		
<b>76</b>		do you correct a rear wheel acceleration skid?		
		Apply the brake.		
		Apply more power to the wheels.		
		Stop accelerating.		
	□ d.	Downshift.		
<b>77</b>		weight means the following?		
	<b>■</b> a.	The weight transmitted to the ground by one axle or one set of axles		
	□ b.	The weight transmitted to the tires from the axle		
		None of the above		
		Both of the above		
<b>78</b>	Turn	signals should be used:		
	<b>■</b> a.	At least 100ft. Before turning or changing lanes		
	□ b.	At least 200ft. Before turning or changing lanes		
	□ C.	At least 300ft. Before turning or changing lanes		
	□ d.	At least 500ft. Before turning or changing lanes		
<b>79</b>		ch of these statements about speed management is true?		
	□ a.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	□ b.			
	□ C.	When the road is slippery, it will take longer to stop and it will		
		be harder to turn without skidding.		
	■ d.	All of the above.		

80	no vehicles in front of you. Suddenly a tire blows out on your vehicle. What should you do first?			
	□ a. Begin light braking.			
	□ b. Begin controlled or stab braking.			
	c. Stay off the brake until the vehicle slows down on its own.			
	□ d. Quickly steer onto the shoulder.			
81	As the blood alcohol concentration (BAC) goes up, what happens?			
	a. The person becomes more dangerous if allowed to drive.			
	□ b. The effects of alcohol decreases.			
	<ul> <li>c. The drinker more clearly sees how alcohol is affecting him / her.</li> </ul>			
	□ d. The drinker can sober up in less time.			
82	Which of these will help keep an engine cool in hot weather?			
	□ a. Making sure the engine has the right amount of oil.			
	□ b. Properly adjusted v-belts.			
	□ c. Avoiding high speed driving.			
	■ d. All of the above.			
83	What is hydroplaining?			
	$\square$ a. Only occurs when there is a lot of water.			
	b. It is more likely if tire pressure is low.			
	<ul><li>c. Cannot occur when driving through a puddle.</li></ul>			
	□ d. Only occurs at speeds above 50 mph.			
84	There are three types of vehicle inspections, which one is one of them?			
	□ a. Post-trip			
	□ b. Enroute			
	□ c. Pre-trip			
	■ d. All the above			
85	You must park on the side of a level, straight, four lane, divided			
65	highway. Where should you place the three reflective triangles?			
	□ a. One about 50 feet from the rear of the vehicle, one about 100			
	feet to the rear, and one about 100 feet from the front of the			
	vehicle.			
	<ul> <li>□ b. One within 10 feet of the front of the vehicle, one about 200</li> </ul>			
	feet from the front, and one about 100 feet to the rear.			
	□ c. One within 10 feet of the rear of the vehicle, one about 100			
	feet to the rear, and one about 100 feet from the front of the			
	vehicle.			
	d. One within 10 feet of the rear of the vehicle, one about 100			
	feet to the rear, and one about 200 feet to the rear.			

86		th of these statements about engine overheating is true? You should never remove the radiator cap on a pressurized system.	
		If your engine overheats within 20 miles of the end of your trip, you should complete the trip and then check the problem.	
		Antifreeze is not needed when the weather is warm. You should never shut off an overheated engine until it cools.	
87	of th	Some traffic emergencies may require you to leave the road. Which of these is a good thing to remember?	
	□ a. □ b.	Brake gently to avoid skidding. Use hard braking if you are moving at a speed greater that 20-mph.	
	<b>■</b> C.	If you must leave the road, try to get all wheels off the pavement, or at least one side of vehicles tires off the road.	
	□ a.	Most shoulders will not support a large vehicle.	
88 When looki		n looking ahead of your vehicle while driving you should look:	
	_	To the left side of the road.	
		To the right side of the road.	
		Back and forth, near and far. Straight ahead.	
	⊔ u.	Straight aneau.	
89	Whic	h of these items is checked in a pre trip inspection?	
	□ a.		
	□ b.	<b>-</b>	
		Wiper blades. All of the above.	
	■ u.	All of the above.	
90	The '	'reaction distance" is the distance traveled from the time:	
	<b>■</b> a.	The brain tells the foot to push the brake pedal to the time the	
	□ b.	foot actually pushes the pedal.  The eyes see a hazard to the time the brain knows that it is a	
	□ D.	hazard.	
	□ C.		
	□ <b>d</b> .	The brake pedal is pressed to the time the brakes begin to slow the vehicle.	
91	Whic	h of these is the most important thing to remember about	
emergency braking?			
	□ a.	<b>9</b>	
		Disconnecting the steering axle brakes will keep the vehicle in a straight line.	
	<ul><li>C.</li></ul>	<i>5, 1</i>	
	□ d.	Will always work and allow you to avoid an emergency.	

92	Which of these is a good driving rule for work zones?		
	□ a. Turn on you flashers / hazard lights		
	<ul><li>b. Use your brake lights to warn drivers behind you.</li></ul>		
	□ c. Drive slowly		
	■ d. All of the above		
93	Brake "fade":		
	□ a. Can be corrected by letting up on the brakes for 1-2 seconds		
	and then re-apply them.		
	□ b. Only occurs with drum brakes.		
	c. Can be caused by the brakes becoming too hot.		
	☐ d. All of the above.		
94	You should stop driving:		
	□ a. After 5 hours.		
	□ b. After 7 hours.		
	□ c. After 9 hours.		
	■ d. When you become sleepy.		
95	Which of these statements about downshifting is true?		
	<ul> <li>a. When you downshift for a hill, you should do so after you start down the hill.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>b. When double clutching, you should let the rpm's decrease while the clutch is released and the shift lever is in neutral.</li> </ul>		
	• c. When you downshift for a curve, you should do so before you		
	enter the curve.		
	□ d. All of the above.		
96	For your safety, when setting out reflective triangles you should:		
	<ul> <li>a. Keep them out of sight while you walk to the spot where you set them out.</li> </ul>		
	□ b. Carry the triangles at your side.		
	□ c. Turn off your flashers.		
	d. Hold the triangles between your body and oncoming traffic.		
97	You must drive on a slippery road. Which of these is a good thing to		
	do in such a situation?		
	□ a. Apply the brakes during turns.		
	■ b. Slow down gradually.		
	□ c. Use a smaller following distance.		
	□ d. All the above.		
98	Where should you ignition key be during your pre-trip inspection?		
	□ a. In the ignition		
	□ b. On the dashboard		
	■ c. In your pocket		

99 Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) means the following?

a. Maximum gww specified by manufacture for a single vehicle plus load

b. Maximum gww specified by the manufacture

c. Maximum gww specified by manufacture for a single vehicle

d. None of the above

100 Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW) means the following:

a. Total weight of a single vehicle plus its load

b. Total weight of a single vehicle

□ d. Pocket on the door

□ c. Both of the above□ d. None of the above